

#### High Brightness Step-Down LED Driver

## **Description**

The TNL3315SR is a high-efficiency step-down LED driver controller with a wide input voltage range of 8V to 30V. It is designed to operate in continuous current mode.

The TNL3315SR employs a hysteretic control architecture that accurately regulates LED current with a feedback coming from an external high-side current-sense resistor. This control scheme optimizes circuit stabilization and fast response time without loop compensation. Its low 100mV average feedback voltage reduces power loss and improves the converter's efficiency.

The TNL3315SR implements analog dimming through the DIM pin. It also Includes thermal overload protection in case of output overload.

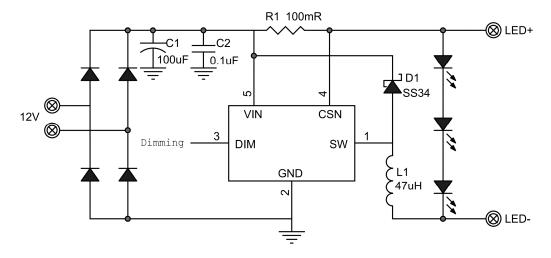
#### **Features**

- Wide 8V to 30V Input Range
- Able to Drive < 1.5A LED Load</li>
- High Efficiency
- Open LED Protection
- No need compensation
- Thermal Shutdown
- Hysteresis Control
- RoHS and Halogen free compliance
- Available in SOT-89-5 Package

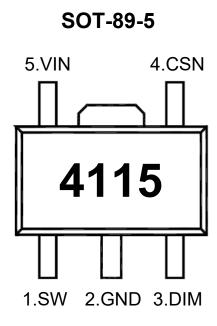
# **Applications**

- Automotive/Decorative LED Lighting
- Emergency Lighting
- LED Backlighting
- Low Voltage Halogen Replacement

## **Typical Application**

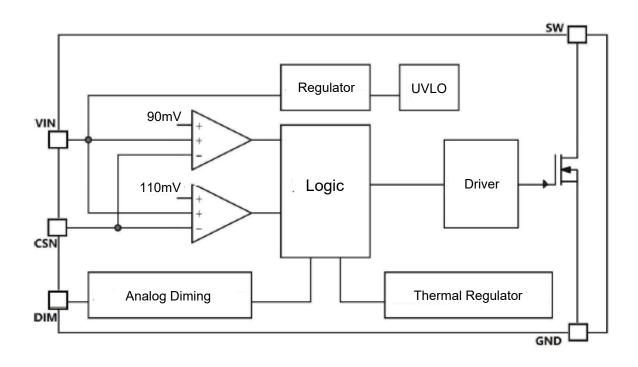


# **Pin Function And Descriptions**



Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	SW	Drain of the internal NMOS
2	GND	Ground
3	DIM	Analog Diming Input. Internal week pull up. Drive DIM low to turn off the output
4	CSN	Connect sensor input reference to VIN for measure output current.
5	VIN	Power input

# **Block Diagram**



# Absolute Maximum Ratings (at $T_A = 25$ °C)

Parameter	Value	Unit	
VIN,CSN to GND	-0.3 ~ +36	V	
SW to GND	-0.3 ~ +36	V	
DIM to GND	-0.3 ~ +6.5	V	
Junction to Ambient Thermal Resistance	R <sub>θJA</sub>	45	°C/W
Operation Junction temperature range	TJ	-40 ~ +150	°C
Storage temperature range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 ~ +150	°C

# **Electrical Characteristics**

 $T_J$  = 25°C,  $V_{IN}$  = 12V, unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		8		30	V
VCC UVLO Threshold	Vuvloth	V <sub>CC</sub> Rising		7.7		V
VCC UVLO Hysteresis	Vuvlohys	V <sub>CC</sub> Falling		0.2		V
Quiescent Supply Surrent	IQ	No Switching		270		μA
Current Sense Voltage	Vcs	V <sub>IN</sub> -C <sub>SN</sub>	97	100	103	mV
Current Sense Threshold	V <sub>CS_HY</sub>			15		%
CSN Input Current	Icsn			3		μA
DIM Floating Voltage	V <sub>DIM_F</sub>			3.8		V
DIM Input Leakage Current	I <sub>DIM</sub>	V <sub>DIM</sub> =5V		27		μA
DIM Pull Up Current	I <sub>DIM_PU</sub>	V <sub>DIM</sub> =0V		-25		μA
DIM Input High	V <sub>DIM_H</sub>		2.5			V
DIM Input Low	V <sub>DIM_L</sub>				0.3	V
DIM Voltage Range	V <sub>DIM</sub>	V <sub>DIM</sub> Rising	0.5		2.5	V
Max. Switch Frequency	F <sub>MAX</sub>			1		MHz
MOSFET ON Resistance	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>			240		mΩ
Thermal Regulate	T <sub>REG</sub>	Temp Rising		105		°C
Thermal Shutdown	T <sub>SH</sub>			160		°C

### **Operation**

#### **Steady State**

The TNL3315SR is a step-down LED-current convertor that is easily configured for a wide input that ranges from 8V to 30V input. The TNL3315SR uses a High-side current-sense resistor to detect and regulate LED current. The average voltage across the current- sense resistor is measured and regulated in the 100mV range.

The internal 1.2V reference voltage provides a 0.5V reference to enable the part. When DIM>0.5V, the output of the comparator goes high and enables the other blocks. While the internal DIM pin week pull up to 3V

### **Dimming Control**

The TNL3315SR allows the DIM pin to control Analog dimming. Whenever the voltage on DIM is less than 0.3V, the chip turns off. For analog dimming, when the voltage on DIM is from 0.5V to 2.5V, the LED current will change from 0% to 100% of the maximum LED current. If the voltage on EN pin is higher than 2.5V, output LED current will equal the maximum LED current.

## **Applications Information**

### **Setting the LED Current**

The LED current is identical and set by the current sense resistor between the CS pin and GND pin.

#### RSENSE=100mV / ILED

For RSENSE= $0.1\Omega$ , the LED current is set to 1A Selecting the Inductor Lower value of inductance can result in a higher switching frequency, which causes a larger switching loss. Choose a switch frequency between 100kHz to 500kHz for most application. According to switching frequency, inductor value can be estimated as

$$L = \frac{(1 - V_{OUT}/V_{IN}) \times V_{OUT}}{0.3 \times I_{LED} \times f_{SW}}$$

For higher efficiency, choose an inductor with a DC resistance as small as possible.

### Selecting the Input Capacitor

The input capacitor reduces the surge current drawn from the input supply and the switching noise from the device. Choose a capacitor of 100uF for most applications. The voltage rating should be greater than the input voltage. **U**se a low ESR capacitor for input decoupling.

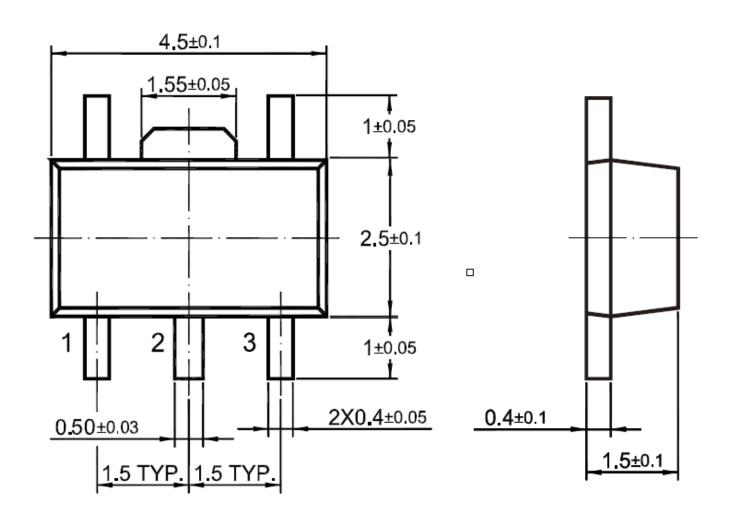
## **Layout Consideration**

Pay careful attention to the PCB layout and component placement. RSENSE should be placed close to the CS pin and GND pin in order to minimize current sense error. The input loop—including input capacitor, Schottky diode, and MOSFET—should be as short as possible.

## Package Outline

SOT-89-5

Dimensions in mm



#### **Ordering Information**

Device	Package	Shipping
TNL3315SR	SOT-89-5	3,000PCS/Reel&13inches

#### **Contact Information**

TANI website: <a href="http://www.tanisemi.com">http://www.tanisemi.com</a> Email:tani@tanisemi.com
For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative.



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